## IMC Algebra

1. [IMC 2009 Q24] What is the largest number of the following statements that can be true at the same time?

$$
0<x^{2}<1, \quad x^{2}>1, \quad-1<x<0, \quad 0<x<1, \quad 0<x-x^{2}<1
$$

A 1
B 2
C 3
D 4
E 5
2. [IMC 2008 Q19] Which of the following is equal to $(1+x+y)^{2}-(1-x-y)^{2}$ for all values of $x$ and $y$ ?
A $4 x$
B $2\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)$
C 0
D $4 x y$
E $4(x+y)$
3. [IMC 2006 Q18] Given that $4^{x}+4^{x}+4^{x}+4^{x}=4^{16}$, what is the value of $x$ ?
A 2
B 4
C 8
D 12
E 15
4. [IMC 2006 Q20] Given that the number 2006 is the correct answer to the calculation

$$
1-2+3-4+5-6+\cdots+(n-2)-(n-1)+n
$$

what is the sum of the digits of $n$ ?
A 3
B 4
C 5
D 6
E 7
5. [IMC 2004 Q22] In a maths exam with $N$ questions, you score $m$ marks for a correct answer to each of the first $q$ questions and $m+2$ marks for a correct answer to each of the remaining questions. What is the maximum possible score?
A $(m+2) N-2 q$
B Nm
C $m q+(m+2) q$
D $N(m+1)$
E $N m+q(m+2)$
6. [IMC 2012 Q17] The first term of a sequence of positive integers is 6 . The other terms in the sequence follow these rules:
if a term is even then divide it by 2 to obtain the next term
if a term is odd then multiply it by 5 and subtract 1 to obtain the next term.
For which values of $n$ is the $n$th term equal to $n$ ?
A 10 only
B 13 only
C 16 only
D 10 and 13 only
E 13 and 16 only

Solutions:

1. C
2. E
3. E
4. D
5. A
6. E
